## We claim:

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- 1. A monocyclopentadienyl complex in which the cyclopentadienyl system bears at least one uncharged donor bound via a boron-containing bridge and comprising one or more atoms of group 15 and/or 16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements and is bound to a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium in the oxidation state 3, vanadium, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten.
- 2. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in claim 1 which comprises the following structural feature of the formula (Cp)(–Z-A)<sub>m</sub>M (I), where the variables have the following meanings:
  - Cp is a cyclopentadienyl system,
- 15 Z is a divalent bridge between A and Cp selected from the group consisting of

where

L<sup>1B</sup> are each, independently of one another, carbon or silicon,

R<sup>1B</sup>-R<sup>6B</sup> are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR<sup>7B</sup><sub>3</sub>, where the organic radicals R<sup>1B</sup>-R<sup>6B</sup> may also be substituted by halogens and two geminal or vicinal radicals R<sup>1B</sup>-R<sup>6B</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

 $R^{7B}$  are each, independently of one another, hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ -alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$ -aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl radical and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl radical and two radicals  $R^{7B}$  may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

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u is 1, 2 or 3,

- A is an uncharged donor group containing one or more atoms of group 15 and/or 16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements,
- M is a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium in the oxidation state 3, vanadium, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten and
- m is 1, 2 or 3.

3. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in claim 1 or 2 of the formula  $(Cp)(-Z-A)_mMX_k$  (V), where the variables have the following meanings:

Cp is a cyclopentadienyl system,

Z is a divalent bridge between A and Cp selected from the group consisting of

$$>B-R^{1B}$$
  $>B$   $>B-N$   $>B-N$   $>B-N$   $>B$ 

$$R^{6B}$$
 $R^{5B}$ 
 $R^{3B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 
 $R^{4B}$ 

where

L<sup>1B</sup> are each, independently of one another, carbon or silicon,

R<sup>18</sup>-R<sup>68</sup> are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR<sup>78</sup><sub>3</sub>, where the organic radicals R<sup>18</sup>-R<sup>68</sup> may also be substituted by halogens and two geminal or vicinal radicals R<sup>18</sup>-R<sup>68</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

 $R^{7B}$  are each, independently of one another, hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ -alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$ -aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the

alkyl radical and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl radical and two radicals R<sup>78</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

u is 1, 2 or 3,

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- A is an uncharged donor group containing one or more atoms of group 15 and/or 16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements,
- M is a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium in the oxidation state 3, vanadium, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten,
  - m is 1, 2 or 3,

X are each, independently of one another, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having 1-10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, OR<sup>1</sup>, SR<sup>1</sup>, SO<sub>3</sub>R<sup>1</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>1</sup>, CN, SCN, β-diketonate, CO, BF<sub>4</sub>, PF<sub>6</sub> or a bulky noncoordinating anion,

20 R<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>2</sup>

are each, independently of one another, hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ -alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$ -aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part,  $SiR^3_3$ , where the organic radicals  $R^1$ - $R^2$  may also be substituted by halogens and two radicals  $R^1$ - $R^2$  may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

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R<sup>3</sup> are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R<sup>3</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

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- k is 1, 2, or 3.
- 4. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in claim 2 or 3, wherein the cyclopentadienyl system Cp has the formula (II):

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$$R^{1A} \xrightarrow{E^{1A}} E^{2A}$$

$$R^{5A} \xrightarrow{E^{5A}} E^{5A} \xrightarrow{E^{3A}} R^{3A}$$

$$R^{4A}$$

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where the variables have the following meanings:

E<sup>1A</sup>-E<sup>5A</sup> are each carbon or at most one E<sup>1A</sup> to E<sup>5A</sup> is phosphorus,

- 5 R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>5A</sup> are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR<sup>6A</sup><sub>2</sub>, N(SiR<sup>6A</sup><sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>6A</sup>, OSiR<sup>6A</sup><sub>3</sub>, SiR<sup>6A</sup><sub>3</sub>, BR<sup>6A</sup><sub>2</sub>, where the organic radicals R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>5A</sup> may also be substituted by halogens and two vicinal radicals R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>5A</sup> may be also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and/or two vicinal radicals R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>5A</sup> are joined to form a heterocycle which contains at least one atom from the group consisting of N, P, O and S, with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, preferably 1 substituent, R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>5A</sup> being a group -Z-A, and
- are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl,

  C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two geminal radicals R<sup>6A</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring.
- 5. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in any of claims 2 to 4, wherein the cyclopentadienyl system Cp together with–Z-A has the formula (IV):

$$A \longrightarrow Z \longrightarrow E^{5A} \longrightarrow E^{2A} \longrightarrow R^{2A}$$

$$R^{4A} \longrightarrow R^{3A} \longrightarrow R^{3A}$$

$$R^{4A} \longrightarrow R^{4A} \longrightarrow R^$$

where the variables have the following meanings:

 $E^{1A}$ - $E^{5A}$  are each carbon or at most one  $E^{1A}$  to  $E^{5A}$  is phosphorus,

- are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR<sup>6A</sup><sub>2</sub>, N(SiR<sup>6A</sup><sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>6A</sup>, OSiR<sup>6A</sup><sub>3</sub>, SiR<sup>6A</sup><sub>3</sub>, BR<sup>6A</sup><sub>2</sub>, where the organic radicals R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>4A</sup> may also be substituted by halogens and two vicinal radicals R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>4A</sup> may be also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and/or two vicinal radicals R<sup>1A</sup>-R<sup>4A</sup> are joined to form a heterocycle which contains at least one atom from the group consisting of N, P, O and S,
- are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl,

  C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20

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carbon atoms in the aryl part and two geminal radicals R<sup>6A</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

- A is a donor group containing one or more atoms of group 15 and/or 16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements,
  - Z is a divalent bridge between A and Cp selected from the group consisting of

$$>B-R^{1B}$$
  $>B < R^{1B}$   $>B-N < R^{4B}$   $>B^{6B}$   $>B^{5B}$   $>B^{1B}$   $>B^{1B}$ 

where

L<sup>1B</sup> are each, independently of one another, carbon or silicon,

 $R^{1B}$ - $R^{6B}$  are each, independently of one another, hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ -alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$ -aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or  $SiR^{7B}_3$ , where the organic radicals  $R^{1B}$ - $R^{6B}$  may also be substituted by halogens and two geminal or vicinal radicals  $R^{1B}$ - $R^{6B}$  may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

R<sup>7B</sup> are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl radical and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl radical and two radicals R<sup>7B</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

u is 1, 2 or 3.

A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in any of claims 2 to 5, wherein A is an unsubstituted, substituted or fused, heteroaromatic ring system.

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7. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in any of claims 2 to 6, wherein A has the formula (III):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{p}^{2C} \\
R_{p}^{1C} & R_{p}^{3C} \\
R_{p}^{1C} & E^{2C} & R_{p}^{3C}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{p}^{4C} & (III)
\end{array}$$

where the variables have the following meanings:

E<sup>1C</sup>-E<sup>4C</sup> are each carbon or nitrogen.

- $R^{1C}$ - $R^{4C}$  are each, independently of one another, hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ -alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$ -aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or  $SiR^{5C}_3$ , where the organic radicals  $R^{1C}$ - $R^{4C}$  may also be substituted by halogens or nitrogen and further  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ -alkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$ -aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or  $SiR^{5C}_3$  groups and two vicinal radicals  $R^{1C}$ - $R^{4C}$  or  $R^{1C}$  and Z may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,
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  R<sup>5C</sup> are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl,
  C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 620 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R<sup>5C</sup> may also be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and
  - p is 0 when E<sup>1C</sup>-E<sup>4C</sup> is nitrogen and 1 when E<sup>1C</sup>-E<sup>4C</sup> is carbon.
  - 8. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7, wherein Z is selected from the group consisting of BR<sup>1B</sup>, BNR<sup>3B</sup>R<sup>4B</sup>, C(R<sup>5B</sup>R<sup>6B</sup>)-BR<sup>1B</sup> and C(R<sup>5B</sup>R<sup>6B</sup>)-BNR<sup>3B</sup>R<sup>4B</sup>.
  - 9. A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in any of claims 1 to 8, wherein M is chromium.
  - 10. A catalyst system for olefin polymerization comprising
    - A) at least one monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in any of claims 1 to 9,
    - B) optionally, an organic or inorganic support,
- 40 C) optionally, one or more activating compounds,

- D) optionally, one or more catalysts suitable for olefin polymerization and

  E) optionally, one or more metal compounds containing a metal of group 1, 2 or 13 of the Periodic Table.
  - 11. A prepolymerized catalyst system comprising a catalyst system as claimed in claim 10 and one or more linear C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-1-alkenes polymerized onto it in a mass ratio of from 1:0.1 to 1:1 000 based on the catalyst system.
  - 12. The use of a catalyst system as claimed in claim 10 or 11 for the polymerization or copolymerization of olefins.

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13. A process for preparing polyolefins by polymerization or copolymerization of olefins in the
 presence of a catalyst system as claimed in claim 10 or 11.